ainst Union Carbide Corporation from disposing and selling the assets and property of the Union Carbide Corporation in India? Sir, in fact their prope'rty should be confiscated. 1 would also like to know how he will realise the claims of the victims from the Union Carbide Corporation?

SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA STNGH: Sir, on the 17th of this months the District Judge Court in Bhopal has already issued an ad-interim -injunc-tion against the Union Ca'rbide Corporation against thei'r selling or attempted selling of any of their assets. Sir, the final' hearing on this is coming on the 26th November, 1986.

SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRA-KANT BHANDARE: Mr Chairman, Sir, the question is one of these victims geting compensation ultimately. So I want to ask the hon. Minis ter as to what is the extent of assets which the Union Ca'nbide Corporation have transferred since the institution of the suit before the District Court in New York?

SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH: I could not follow.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The point is how much assets this multi-national company has transferred before the institution of the suit in New Yo'rk?

Sltmi MURLIDHAR CHANDRA-KANT BHANDARE: Not before but after the institution of the suit in New York.

MR. CHAIRMAN: He would not be able to reply.

SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH: I do not have the exact answer. However, I can add so far as their assets are concerned we are monitoring them. As I have said on a number of occasions on the floor ol this House and in the other House that there is a monitoring mechanism which is being done by the Gvorenment of India. We know that the assets with the Union Carbide Corporation will have to be sufficient fo'r the claims that the Government has made. ".

MR. CHAIRMAN: The Question Hour is over.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Judicial Reforms Commission

*286,SHRI K. GOPALAN:
SHRI V. GOPALSAMY:

Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state;

(a) when did Government appoint Judicial Reforms Commission and what were its terms of reference, and who were its members;

(b) whether the Commission, has since submitted its. report to Government, if so, what action has been taken thereon;

(c) what was the expenditure incurred in this regard; and

(d) whether the report has been published and if not, what a're the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI ASOKE KUMAR SEN): (a) The Government have entrusted the system of administration of jus-Law Commission in view of the urgency of the matter.

A statement containing the terms of reference to Law Commission is laid on the Table of the House (See below).

(b) and (d) The Law Commission has submitted two Reports one on Gram Nyayalaya and the other on Tax- Courts. Steps are being taken to have the requisite copies printed and lay copies of these reports in Par liament.

(c) No sepa'rate expenditure in this regard is incurred since it is inclu ded in the expenditure of the Law Commission.

SUfenient

Terms of reference inVia *context oj Studying judicial reforms*

1. The need for decentralisation ot the system of administration of justice by:

(i) establishing, extending and strengthening in rural areas the institution of Nyaya Panchayats or other mechanisms for resolving disputes;

(ii) setting up of a system of par-tipatory justice with denned jurisdiction and powers in suitable areas and centres;

(iii) establishing other tiers or systems within the judicial hierarchy to reduce the volume of work in the Supreme Court and the High Courts.

2. The matters for which Tribunals (excluding services Tribunals as envisaged in Part XIV-A of the Constitution need to be established expeditiously and various aspects related to the establishment and working.

3. The procedural laws with a view jjenje'rally to disposing of cases ex!-peditiously, eliminating unnecessary litigation and delays in hearing ot cases and reform in procedures and procedural laws and particularly to devising procedures appropriate to the terms envisaged in terms l(i) and Kii).

4. The methed of appointments to subordifrialte dourfe/isuHofrdiiraate judiciary.

5. The training of judicial officers.

6. The role of the legal profession in strengthening the system of admi nistration of justice.

7. The desirability of formulation of the norms which the Govt, and the public sector undertakings; should follow in the settlement of disputes including a review of the present j I system for conduct of litigation on behalf of the Government and such undertakings.

8. The cost of litigation with a view to lessening the burden on the litigants.

9. Formation of an All India Judicial Service; and

10. Such other matters as the Com mission considers proper o'r neces sary for the purposes aforesaid or as may be referred to it from time to time by the Government.

Masiah Thermal power Project

*287. SHRI RAMKRISHNA MAIZUMDUft:SHRI CHITTA BASU-.

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to refer to the answer to Unsta'rr'ed Question 82 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 21st April, 1986 and state-

(a) the progress regarding the in stallation of the proposed 1260 MW Thermal Power Project at Masiah in West Bengal; and

(b) by when it is likely to be ready for power production?

THE MINISTER OP STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI-MATI SUSHJLA ROHATGI): (a) and (b) The first 210 MW unit of the Mesiah project is scheduled and commissioning by 1990-91 and the second and the third unit at intervals ot nine months each thereafter. The project was sanctioned in March, 1986 and action has been taken for acquisition of land, placement of orders far plant and equipment, and for construction of various infrastructural facilities.

Steps taken against industries not following guidelines

*288. SHRI BASUDEB MOHA-PATRA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact the detailed guidelines laid down by Government for various industries to cu'rb